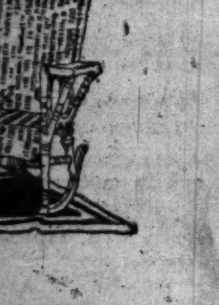


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ASK FOR RESORT
TOUR No. 9

THOS. J. WALL
Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept.
Canadian Pacific Railway
P. O. Box 100, Chicago, Ill.

Sign a Pledge for
Uncle Sam
W. S. S.

VOLUME LXXVII—NO. 117. C.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE COMPANY

THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1918.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF
TWO SECTIONS—SECTION ONE

PRICE TWO CENTS.

HUGHES TO BARE AIR FACTS

GEN. PERSHING TO LEAD SOME OF THE ALLIES

Makeup of Brigade to Decide Where Command Lies.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—Gen. Pershing probably soon will be commanding French and British troops, as he proposes of brigading American troops with their allies goes forward.

It became known today that when American troops predominate in the brigade divisions, these divisions will be turned over to Gen. Pershing's command.

This plan would accomplish several things which the military authorities regard as desirable. It would increase the size of the American fighting command on the battle line; it would concentrate the command to the spirit of unity and concerted effort, and, instead of holding large numbers of American troops behind the lines while training, would surround them with seasoned veterans, and under actual battle conditions school them to be rebranded with fresh American troops.

French Commands Italian. In addition to this, as illustrative of the unity of command under which the allied armies, it was stated officially today that Foch commands the Italian troops in Italy as fully as he does the American, British, and French troops in France and Belgium.

Must Continue to Hurry. A high officer of one of the allied armies today gave these opinions to the Associated Press:

From the news received, and from the knowledge of conditions as they were when I recently left France, I cannot believe that the situation is such as to warrant any slackening in the rushing of American troops.

Even should this supposition be wrong, it would be a great military error to work on such a thesis. There has been no more insidious propaganda than that which tends to seduce popular opinion in the entente countries into a false sense of security.

What is being written today about the Germans having used up all their reserves, and having staked their all on victory or defeat, has been written, usually almost word for word, at every stage since the beginning of the war. The result has often been to delay preparation and to procrastinate in the carrying out of measures which eventually had to be adopted.

In war there is nothing certain, and a large number of American troops recently over in France and ready to fight within the next few months would be worth five times the number which would go to make up an army of the future.

One of the things I feel convinced—the mistake among the nations of the world gained by America's spontaneous offering of her troops to France and England will be one of the greatest things known to history and is of far more spiritual importance now than any victory next year."

THE GERMAN PLANES DOWNED BY AMERICANS

Five Yankees Get the War Cross for Bravery.

BULLETIN. WITH AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—A heavy barrage was laid down by the Germans on American positions northwest of Toul this morning, but no infantry attack developed. The Americans in the line at all times during the firing were ready for the enemy.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—American aviators today shot down three German planes in the Toul sector.

Capt. Kenneth Marx of California, met a single enemy biplane north of Pont-a-Mousson. He maneuvered so as to get between the sun and the enemy and then attacked. The German took a dive and the American followed suit. Soon the enemy machine wobbled and fell to the earth, leaving a trail of smoke.

Late in the day two lieutenants flying in the same field attacked four enemy planes. Their guns jammed, however, and they had to abandon the fight.

Americans Get War Cross. Five Americans were decorated with the war cross today. They were Capt. David Peterson of Honesdale, Pa.; Capt. Norman Hall, Lieut. Charles Chapman, who is missing; Lieut. Edward V. Hickenbecher, the former automobile racer; and Lieut. James Mettner.

Capt. Peterson met two enemy biplanes north of Toul, and immediately attacked one of them, which, after receiving a stream of American bullets, crashed in flames. Peterson then turned and attacked the other, which started to dive to escape the deadly fire. During the dive a wing of the German machine gave way and it also crashed to earth.

Peterson arrived at his field from his victories just in time to receive, with his companions, the cross of war, with the palm, for previous deeds.

Maj. Richard Bolles Peckock of the signal corps has been recommended for the war cross. Recently under terrific fire he made an inspection of the wire communications, which was not expected of him because of his rank. He discovered the wire cut by the enemy and repaired it, being wounded in the last while doing so. He is a native of Wyoming.

French Bring Down Foe. Sergt. W. B. Connell of Pittsburgh, Pa., and Sergt. H. R. Webb of Monroe, Utah, signal corps, have been awarded the war cross for conspicuous bravery in repairing wires under a heavy shell and gas attack. Both are now in the hospital.

There was a general movement behind the German lines today, perhaps owing to heavy casualties inflicted by the American artillery. The air activity was above normal, the weather being ideal. The French brought down a German plane in flames early this morning back of the American lines.

Two Probably Killed. One of the American reconnaissance airplanes late yesterday afternoon from an altitude of about 400 yards fired upon German planes, in which there were a number of the enemy, with a machine gun.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA



Consolidating His Eastern Conquests.



The German P. S. Terms Are the Worst.

Teaching Them to Take a Yoke.

'JUST ANOTHER BROKEN WINDOW' SPUR TO POLICE

Every time the sergeant in the Oak Park police station answered the telephone last night he heard:

"Max just broke another window." So, finally a patrol wagon and some policemen went to the home of Max Willie and arrested him, the second time that day. But he hadn't broken any windows.

"I told you that for a ruse," said Mrs. Willie. "I was afraid you wouldn't come after Max and he'd disorderly." Early in the morning, it was alleged, Max chopped a branch from his wife's favorite fern. Mrs. Willie broke even by pulling up Max's onion sets while he was sprinkling the garden. Then she called the police. Max was released on bond.

But he wouldn't go home. Instead, he sought liquor, and when he did reach home there was no light in the window. Nothing but Mrs. Willie, who called the police as soon as she saw him, vouching for his repeated ruse.

"Max just broke another window."

FOR SOLDIER'S FAMILY

Any trouble about your soldier's pay allotment? Are you getting the government allowance in addition? Do you understand the government insurance plan? Are you bothered by debts or installment payments? Anything you want to know about what the government is doing for the soldier's family? Consult "The Friend of the Soldier."—Page 6.

THE WEATHER.

THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1918.
Sunrise, 5:28; sunset, 8:04. Moon sets at 1:13 a. m. Friday.
Fair and continued warm Thursday; Friday showers and cooler; fresh to strong southerly winds Thursday shifting to north-west Friday.
Illinois—Fair and continued warm Thursday; Friday showers and cooler.

TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO.

(Last 24 hours.)
MAXIMUM, 430 P. M. 50
MINIMUM, 8 A. M. 35
3 a. m. 37 3 p. m. 73 7 p. m. 78
4 a. m. 38 4 p. m. 75 8 p. m. 75
5 a. m. 39 5 p. m. 77 9 p. m. 74
6 a. m. 36 6 p. m. 78 10 p. m. 73
7 a. m. 35 7 p. m. 78 11 p. m. 71
8 a. m. 34 8 p. m. 78 12 m. 69
9 a. m. 33 9 p. m. 78 1 p. m. 67
10 a. m. 32 10 p. m. 78 2 a. m. 66
11 a. m. 31 11 p. m. 78 3 a. m. 65
Mean temperature for 24 hours to 7 p. m. 67; normal for the day, 58; excess since Jan. 1, 47 degrees.
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m. 0; excess since Jan. 1, 2.16 inches.
Highest wind velocity, 21 miles an hour, from S. at 11:10 a. m.
Relative humidity, 7 a. m. 67; 7 p. m. 47.

YESTERDAY ELSEWHERE.

New York 68 78 58 Cloudy
Boston 62 72 54 Clear
Washington 60 70 52 Cloudy
St. Louis 66 76 58 Clear
Minneapolis 62 72 48 Cloudy
San Francisco 66 58 48 Clear
Galveston 70 78 68 Clear

Seek New State Leader; Loyalty Made the Issue

Oklahoma City, Okla., May 15.—The Republican state convention, called to select preferential candidates for the nomination for governor, today voted, 573 to 216, to elect a new state central committee chairman after the primary next August. Arthur H. Goiner is the present chairman. His loyalty was questioned by speakers. The convention endorsed the candidacy of Harry H. Rogers of Tulsa for the gubernatorial nomination.

BROOKFIELD BARS GERMAN SPEECH EVEN IN STREETS

The trustees of the village of Brookfield last night adopted an ordinance prohibiting not only the teaching of German in the public schools but making it a misdemeanor to use the language in any way in schools, churches, lodges, associations, or other public places, including the village streets. It is forbidden to talk, teach, or sing the language under a penalty of a fine ranging from \$25 to \$100. The ordinance was offered by Trustee W. J. Smith, seconded by Frank Kolar, and was adopted unanimously by the six trustees and the village president.

The teaching of German is to remain a part of the curriculum of the Hammond public schools. A committee of the Woman's club there in session with the board of education yesterday recommended that the kindergarten be dispensed with so the money might be used to give grade teachers the increase in pay they demand.

Libraries to Withhold Books on Explosives

In compliance with an order recently received from the federal ordnance department at Washington, all books on explosives are to be barred from the shelves of public libraries for the duration of the war, and library attendants are asked to report any suspicious requests to the department of justice officials.

"We received this order about six weeks ago," said C. P. Roden, librarian of the Chicago public library yesterday. "In the order we were simply requested to put such books on our reserve shelves, but we have thought it best to put them away entirely. Anyone who calls for such a book will be told it is 'out,' and no further explanation will be given."

"Zunnie" of Heart Fame, Arrested as Draft Dodger

Detroit, Mich., May 15.—(Special.)—"Zunnie" is once more in the limelight, but this time it seems that he is about to go into eclipse for some time. "Zunnie," otherwise Arnold Zumstein, young real estate dealer of Chicago and Detroit, who has led a hectic and adventurous career with matrimonial and girl episodes, as the high lights, and figured in a breach of promise suit instituted by Miss Helen Wohlford, a Chicago cabaret performer, was arrested in Toronto on a charge of trying to evade the draft.

ALLIES GAIN IN FLANDERS AND PICARDY

French Drive Enemy from Positions of Great Value.

BULLETIN. PARIS, May 16, 3 a. m.—Enemy aircraft dropped bombs on the outlying suburbs last night. None of the enemy was able to penetrate the defenses of the city proper.

(By the Associated Press.) North of Kemmel, where the Germans on Tuesday gained a footing on Hill 44, the losses have been retrieved by the French, who succeeded in expelling the enemy from the shell holes along the slopes. The French advanced their line and also took prisoners.

South of Hallies, in the Amiens region, the French have taken another bite into the German line and warded off a German counter attack. The Germans in these maneuvers suffered heavy casualties.

The enemy continues to use his artillery vigorously against salient positions all along the front, especially against Field Marshal Haig's forces south of Albert and against the French north of Montdidier and along the curve in the battle front between Montdidier and Noyon also have been under an intensive fire.

WIN HILL NEAR KEMMEL. WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, May 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—Hard fighting continued today in the neighborhood of Hill 44, north of Kemmel, which was stormed and retaken last yesterday by French troops.

This much disputed elevation has changed hands many times recently, but the French were still holding the Germans off this afternoon.

The value of Hill 44 lies in the fact that it dominates considerable territory and for this reason it has been a thorn in the flesh for the Germans. It is believed that they want it to facilitate their next attack in this region which bids fair to come before long.

A renewal of the German offensive on a big scale has so far not materialized, but it may be expected at any time.

AWAIT BLOW IN CONFIDENCE. BY CHARLES H. GRADY. Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable. (Copyright, 1918.)

PARIS, May 15.—Every one realizes that the Germans will put everything they have into the impending attack and may spring new things in the way of guns, gases, and tanks, but there are no evidences of alarm.

An officer who goes three times a week to Gen. Foch's headquarters was asked about the prospects. He was smilingly confident. When questioned about French losses since March 21 he said they had not been heavy.

LATE NEWS BULLETINS

Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable. (Copyright, 1918.)

FROM A FOREIGN PORT. May 15.—Seven sailors of a United States monitor lying at the mouth of the harbor were drowned this morning when a landing boat was overturned in a heavy sea. Four of the crew were saved.

New York, May 15.—(Special.)—Karl Bleibtreu, the German military statistician, writing in Das Neue Europa of April 22, gives the German losses from Aug. 2, 1914, to Jan. 31, 1918, as 4,456,961 men. His figures deal exclusively with those killed in action or taken prisoners. They are official from Aug. 2, 1914, till July 31, 1917, and then estimated to Jan. 31, 1918.

With those who died from illness or wounds, the losses resulting from the colonial and maritime fighting, as well as in the noncombatant and auxiliary services, not comprised in the preceding enumeration, the grand total considerably exceeds 5,000,000.

ROME, May 15.—Gen. Daillo, minister of munitions, and Signor Bianchi, minister of transport, have resigned. Senator Giovanni Villa has been appointed minister of transport, while the minister of war will take charge temporarily of the ministry of munitions.

New York, May 15.—Active measures have been initiated to counteract in Italy German propaganda against the United States, which has reached such proportions that it is "comparable to a serious military crisis," according to an announcement made here tonight by the Italy-America society, of which Charles E. Hughes is president. So alarming have been the reports received by the United States government in the last two days, it was asserted, that immediate steps to meet the emergency were necessary.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—The government war risk insurance bureau announced today that 2,029,000 soldiers and sailors are now insured for a total of \$16,663,000,000 under the government life insurance plan.

LOOK AT FRANCE, THEN BE CONTENT, SAYS THE KAISER

AMSTERDAM, May 15.—The German emperor a few days ago, addressing the town council of Aachen (Aix La Chapelle), said, according to a Berlin dispatch:

"I am glad to be able to salute you gentlemen. In the west I inspected half of devastated France. There only one obtains the right impression of the awful state that has been spared the Fatherland.

"Whoever should grow faint hearted ought to come to the front and see the devastation. Then he would cease to lament his fate and be satisfied with his lot and bear patiently the hardships and privations of war's horrors.

"The offensive goes well ahead. Already 600,000 English have been put hors du combat and 1,600 guns have been captured. Everywhere the French must help. Our opponents have had a hard time. They deserved nothing else. Our task in the west will be accomplished, but we must be patient. We cannot settle in a day armies of millions.

"We shall obtain our aim. Difficult tasks are before us, but to deal with these we have efficient workers. We have gone ahead in the Crimea also. The first trains with foodstuffs have arrived at Berlin from Ukraine, improving the food supply. Sebastopol has been captured with a big, richly laden fleet there. We shall review the Black sea traffic.

WILSON NAMES FORMER RIVAL TO AID INQUIRY

Stirs Senate Storm by Letter Hitting Chamberlain.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—(Special.)—President Wilson announced today the appointment of Charles E. Hughes, his Republican opponent in 1916, to conduct the investigation of "very serious charges of dishonesty" in the production of aircraft.

In selecting Mr. Hughes, whose exposure of the life insurance scandals a decade ago made him the foremost investigator in the country, the administration believes it has met its critics more than half way and demonstrated that it has nothing to conceal and that the guilty will not be spared.

Guards Against "Whitewash." Although Assistant Attorney General Friserson had been appointed to conduct the investigation of the criminal charges, Mr. Wilson decided to disarm the critics who were predicting a "whitewash," and last Monday he wrote to Mr. Hughes as follows:

"You have doubtless noticed that very serious charges of dishonesty have been made in connection with the production of aircraft. Because of the capital importance of this branch of the military service, I feel that these charges should be thoroughly investigated, and with as little delay as possible, in order that the guilty, if there be any such, may be promptly and vigorously prosecuted and that the reputations of those whose actions have been attacked may be protected, in case the charges are groundless.

"I requested the department of justice to use every instrumentality at its disposal to investigate these charges, and with the approval of the attorney general I am writing to beg that you will act with him in making this investigation. I feel that this is a matter of the very greatest importance, and sincerely hope that you will feel that it is possible to contribute your very valuable service in studying and passing upon the questions involved."

Reply by Hughes. Mr. Hughes' reply which reached the president today, says:

"I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of May 15. Appreciating fully the gravity of the matter, I shall be glad to cooperate with the attorney general in making a prompt and thorough investigation of the charges of dishonesty in connection with aircraft production.

"You may be assured that nothing will give me greater pleasure than to render any assistance within my power. I assume that the attorney general will advise me of his wishes for a conference, with a view to making of definite and adequate plans for the investigation, and I shall endeavor to arrange my affairs so that these plans may be carried out with as little delay as possible."

Conflict in Senate. While the administration was announcing these steps for dealing with any evidence of criminality in the airplane production fiasco the senate was the scene of conflict over the president's demand for the defeat of the Chamberlain resignation directing the senate committee on military affairs to investigate aircraft production or "any other matters relating to the conduct of the war."

In a letter to Senator Martin, majority leader, the president said he would regard the passage of the resolution "as a direct vote of want of confidence in the administration," and called on all supporters of the administration to oppose it.

The President's Letter. The president's letter to Senator Martin followed:

"I am sincerely obliged to you for calling my attention to senate resolution 241, which in effect proposes to constitute the military affairs committee of the senate a committee on the conduct of the war."

"I deem it my duty to say that I should regard the passage of this resolution as a direct vote of want of confidence in the administration. The purpose which it undoubtedly expresses has been expressed again and again in various forms during the present session and has always seemed to originate in a rooted distrust of those who

are at present in charge of the executive functions of the government.

AUSTRIA FALLS INTO CLUTCH OF PAN-GERMANISM

New Treaty Provides Berlin Rule Over National Life.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—According to a dispatch from Switzerland the Berlin newspapers indicate that the basis of a new treaty of alliance agreed upon at the recent conference between the German and Austrian emperors contemplates fixing twenty-five years as the period for the duration of the alliance, the imposition of stricter military obligations upon each nation and the regulation of economic relations so as to realize the ideal European plan.

The same message says advice from Vienna is to the effect that no formal agreement was signed because the moment did not seem opportune, but that nevertheless the direction and basis of the new treaty were definitely fixed and that it only remains to frame the different clauses.

NAME NEW MONARCHS.
LONDON, May 15.—The Austrian and German emperors at their meeting at German great headquarters, German newspapers say, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, selected monarchs for Lithuania (Lithuania), Courland, Estonia, and Poland.

EXPECT CLOSER UNION.
AMSTERDAM, May 15.—[By the Associated Press.]—An official dispatch from Berlin today says that now the main lines for the cementing of the alliance between Germany and Austria have been fixed, the political, military, and economic negotiations will doubtless begin shortly.

It is obvious, adds the dispatch, that the political and military arrangements can be carried through faster than the economic, which will probably take several months to complete. The phrase in the official report of the emperors' conference regarding the consolidation and deepening of the alliance, says the Berlin Tagesspiegel, permits of the assumption that the aim of the convention is a closer military and political union and a complete blending of military resources.

Two Were Not Invited.
ZURICH, May 15.—Both King Ludwig of Bavaria and King Frederick August of Saxony seem to have been participants in the great headquarters conference of the German and Austrian emperors, although apparently neither was invited to be present. This is indicated by statement in the Munich Neueste Nachrichten, which says:

"The hour is grave and Bavaria cannot leave Prussia to be the whole of Germany's destiny. King Ludwig, therefore, decided to proceed to headquarters. The departure of the king of Saxony to take part in the negotiations—a participation which was not desired in Berlin circles—was due to the same cause."

A Vienna dispatch to the Neueste Nachrichten of Munich says the new Austro-German alliance is fixed for a period of twenty years, includes a military convention, and provides for the closest economic and customs relations.

The modified resolution provides \$10,000 for a committee investigation of aircraft and ordnance production and the quartermaster's department, eliminating the clause in the original resolution providing for inquiry into any other matters relating to the conduct of the war.

CHAMBERLAIN REPLIES

Senator Chamberlain in his statement denying the committee's intention to invade the sphere of the president said:

"It was not the purpose of the military affairs committee any member of it when senate resolution 241 was prepared and introduced to interfere in the least with the constitutional powers and prerogatives of the president in the conduct and management of the war."

"Charges and counter charges have been made in reference to the loyalty, efficiency, and the methods of some of those who have been immediately charged of aircraft production. Notwithstanding the fact that a report on this subject has been presented to the senate by the military affairs committee, these charges will not down. As a matter of fact they have increased."

"The integrity of men directly connected with the production of aircraft has been called in question. To avoid seeming injustice I want to say that no charges have been made reflecting upon either Gen. Squier or Admiral Taylor of the aircraft production board, but some of those responsible for aircraft production for the army have been charged with gross extravagance and there is little if anything to show, as far as production is concerned, for the immense sums of money that have been spent."

"Charges and counter charges have been made with reference to the manufacture of ordnance. In some other branches of the service the conditions are the same, and yet it is but fair to say that conditions seem to be improving, and it is hoped that the time will soon come when quality production will become an accomplished fact of the war."

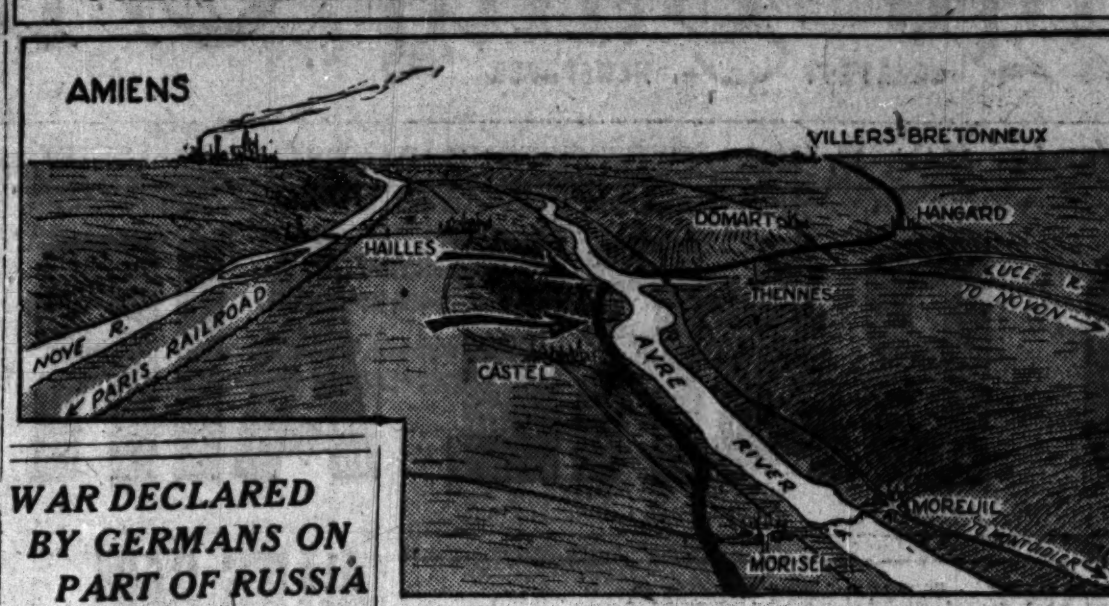
Want to Help Him.
The president has no more ardent supporters in the United States than the senators comprising the military affairs committee of the senate. In all they have done, their single purpose has been to aid and not hinder, and I think the country generally understands that the results of their efforts have been to aid rather than to hinder."

"I regret exceedingly that the president feels that a vote for this resolution or for the resolution in a modified form, as it may be modified by the committee and by the senate, would be looked upon by him as an act of disloyalty to him."

The Gutson Borglum charges bobbed up again today, when Senator Brandegee of Connecticut received the following telegram from the sculptor investigator:

"I shall have delivered to you between 2 and 3 tomorrow (Wednesday) my denial of Mr. Brandegee's charges, presented by Senator Thomas. Please place this reply before the senate and oblige."

FRENCH IMPROVE POSITIONS BEFORE AMIENS



WAR DECLARED BY GERMANS ON PART OF RUSSIA

Much Conquered Land Will Not Produce Crops Needed.

AMSTERDAM, May 15.—The Vossische Zeitung of Berlin announces today that war has been declared against Russia by Germany, as a strong counter current to the order of things was observable. There are several groups of great Russian forces in the Don region, the newspaper says.

German Food Hopes Fall.
SAMARA, Russia, May 2.—[By the Associated Press.]—Much of the fertile land of European Russia will go uncultivated this year. Less than half the land which has in times past produced large quantities of grain and other crops, now remaining in control of the soviet government, will be tilled owing to the shortage of seed, horses, and implements and the unsettled condition brought about by the land division.

Russians Retake Rostov.
MOSCOW, May 15.—[By the Associated Press.]—Rostov-on-Don, the largest city in the Don Cossack territory, was recaptured today by the Russian soviet troops, who drove out the Germans. The Germans, who had held Rostov for only a day, are retreating. The armistice on the Kurak front has been extended to the Voronezh and Don districts. Martial law has been declared and the soviet troops have been ordered to disarm the bands invading Russian territory despite the armistice.

The Cossack government has proposed peace negotiations, Foreign Minister Tschichov is informed by the Turkish government. Turkey, acting with Germany, has insisted that the Caucasus government send its delegates to Batumi.

Offers to Disarm Fleet.
MOSCOW, May 15.—[By the Associated Press.]—Foreign Minister Tschichov today sent a wireless to Berlin declaring Russia's proposed to disarm the Black sea fleet in an effort to propitiate Germany.

Says Battle Is Near.
STOCKHOLM, May 15.—The Russo-Finnish fronts are completely blocked with great masses of troops, and a battle between the Russians and Finns is expected, according to dispatches received here today.

The Germans will evacuate the Aland islands on May 22. It was announced today. Swedish forces will be withdrawn at the same time. It is probable the Alands will become a part of the republic of Finland.

Fee of Bolshevik Wins.
HARBIN, May 11.—The Kaimakaya railway junction has been captured by Gen. Semenov, the anti-Bolshevik leader.

Mine 22,000 Square Miles in the North Sea.
LONDON, May 15.—The British admiralty restrictions on navigation in the northern part of the North sea, in consequence of the laying of a great mine field for the purpose of felling submarines, became operative today and hereafter all shipping in that area must comply with stringent regulations or ignore them at their own peril. The vast barrier is now said to cover approximately 22,000 square miles. The forbidden area necessarily leaves a gap on each side.

BONNET ROUGE DIRECTOR GIVEN DEATH SENTENCE

Paris Court Sends Six Others on Germanophile Paper to Prison.

PARIS, May 15.—M. Duval, who was director of the suppressed Germanophile newspaper, Bonnet Rouge, was condemned to death today by court martial for treason.

The six other defendants were sentenced to imprisonment for terms ranging from two to ten years.

All were charged with aiding the enemy, either directly or indirectly.

Ten Years for Manager.
They were: M. Marlot, assistant manager of Bonnet Rouge, received ten years' imprisonment at hard labor.

Jacques Landau, a reported on the newspaper, was given eight years at hard labor.

Goldsky was sentenced to eight years at hard labor and military degradation.

M. Joucha, another reporter, was given five years at hard labor.

M. Verconsin was sentenced to two years in prison and fined 5,000 francs, with sentence suspended.

Jean Leymarie, former director of the ministry of interior, was given two years in prison and fined 1,000 francs.

Duval showed fortitude. M. Duval, with great fortitude, heard Col. Voyer read the death sentence. He then said:

"The judgment of man often is erroneous. Posterity will judge whether I am guilty of treason."

Leymarie, addressing the court, said he had been sufficiently punished for any lack of foresight he had shown.

"I am a ruined man," he said. Leymarie's condemnation raised a greater public interest and discussion than did the death sentence of Duval, as public minds naturally connected his sentence with the forthcoming trial of Louis Malvy, minister of the interior, who was formerly Leymarie's chief.

SENATE PASSES BILL TO BOOST POSTAL WAGES
Washington, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—The senate passed an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill granting a general increase in pay to postal employees. The increase as allowed by the senate correspond to those granted by the Madden bill which passed the house an independent measure.

The senate amendment, however, provides for increases only in this year's budget, while the Madden bill would make the increases permanent. The differences will be settled when the bill goes to conference.

The senate amendment gives a flat increase of \$300 for the year to post-office clerks in first and second class offices, letter carriers in city delivery offices, and railway postal clerks of grades 1 to 10. The same increase is given to postal employees receiving more than \$1,500 a year, a class made up largely by clerks in the office in Washington. Other increases given by the bill are as follows:

Employees receiving \$500 a year and less, 20 per cent increase.

Employees receiving \$500 to \$1,500 a year, 15 per cent.

Rural carriers on horse drawn routes, 20 per cent.

Temporary or auxiliary clerks or letter carriers in first and second class offices are to receive 40 cents an hour.

TIDE OF COMBAT

BRITISH REPORT

LONDON, May 15.—There was local fighting, in which the French troops captured several prisoners and successfully advanced their line early in the morning in the sector north of Kemmel village.

A raid attempted by the enemy last night north of Lens was repulsed. We carried out another successful raid north of Rebecq (Flanders).

The hostile artillery was active during the night in the valleys of the Somme and Aisne, north of Bethune, and in the forest of Nieppe sector. This morning the enemy artillery activity increased southwest of Morlaixcourt and north of Kemmel.

GERMAN REPORT

BERLIN, via London, May 15.—North of Kemmel attacks were completely successful and resulted in the bringing in of 120 prisoners. We made an attack when troops were being relieved and cost the French sanguinary losses. The artillery duel in the Kemmel region remains intense.

Early in the morning, in connection with French thrusts, fresh infantry engagements developed there.

Between the Lys and La Bassée canal, on the Scarpe, and near Duquesne, the enemy artillery was lively, especially during the night.

We made a short thrust between the Aisne and the Somme and penetrated the British lines on the Bray-Corbis road and held the territory gained against repeated and strong counter attacks.

Lively artillery activity continued for the support of the infantry. Near Villers-Bretonneux, on both sides of the Luce and the Aisne, firing engagements have repeatedly revived. On the western bank of the Aisne the enemy attacked our lines near Castel. He was repulsed with heavy losses.

An enemy attack this morning north of Kemmel, which was limited to penetration at one point of our foremost lines, was repulsed. A strong attack by the French northwest of Morvaux failed with heavy losses.

PARIS REPORT

PARIS, May 15.—During the night there was a violent bombardment in the region north of Mondidier and between Mondidier and Noyon.

Late yesterday French troops made a vigorous attack on German positions south of Hallue and captured a wood west of the Aisne, notwithstanding determined resistance by the enemy. This morning a strong German counter attack was delivered. After a spirited engagement, our troops remained in entire possession of the new positions. They inflicted very serious losses on the Germans. The number of prisoners taken is seventy, including an officer.

Another enemy effort south of Rebol (southeast of Mondidier), which was made after a heavy bombardment, met with a complete check.

North of the Chemin-des-Dames the French repulsed a raiding enterprise. There was great activity on the part of both artilleries in the region north of the Aisne. A raid attempted by the enemy against our trenches southeast of Juvincourt was without result.

AUSTRIANS MASS TO HIT ITALY; BLOW IMMINENT

Enemy Airmen Fight Desperately to Repulse Diaz's Flyers.

PARIS, May 15.—The Schallhausen Kreuzzeitung declares the Austrian offensive against Italy is "imminent," according to a dispatch to the Paris Mail.

BULLETIN.
ROME, May 15.—Great masses of Austrians are concentrating along the Alpine lines and the Frulli plains. It was announced here today. Austrian aircraft are fighting desperately to prevent Italian airmen from harassing these troop movements.

A squadron of Italian seaplanes and airplanes successfully bombed the Austrian submarine base of the Adriatic, on the eastern shores of the Adriatic Monday. It was officially announced.

Regained at Mount Corno.
ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, May 15.—[By the Associated Press.]—Enemy groups continue their attempts to approach Mount Corno and reconquer the line of advance through the Val Aosta, but are repeatedly repulsed by Italian batteries. The details of the capture of the mountain by the Italians show that the fighting, although carried out by small groups, was bloody.

A battalion of Austrian Jaeger troops advanced in three columns. One succeeded in gaining a foothold in the Battarri canon, but a bayonet charge cleared the canon and firmly reestablished the Italian position.

The officer commanding the Austri directed the operations until the crest of Monte Corno was taken.

When a royal brigade was drawn up this morning for review on receiving the medal of valor, a fleet of Austrian airplanes made an audacious appearance, flying over the field. The brigade maintained perfect steadiness and the ceremony continued while the intruders wheeled overhead and driven off without having done any damage.

Admit Losing Fort.
VIENNA, via London, May 15.—Italian forces captured an outpost in the region of Monte Corno, the Austrian war office announced today.

Cummins Asks Data on Man Power of U. S.
Washington, D. C., May 15.—A resolution calling on government officials to furnish to the senate information as to the man power strength of the country was introduced today by Senator Cummins of Iowa. The governor marshal general and the secretary of war, navy, agriculture, commerce, and labor are asked to ascertain how many men can be called for military service in the next two years and still leave enough men at home to supply military and civil needs.

Information is also asked concerning what occupations involving man power can be abandoned, and as to the number of men fit for military service beyond the draft age who are employed in nonuseful occupations.

Bishop Leads Opp.
Bishop Barry, in opposition, declared that if it was recorded it would be for him or any other clergyman who refused to do so.

He declared the strong opinion of the church. The prayer book is a matter of public concern in the church catechism taught to honor and obey all in authority under him.

The church in Ireland, he said, was a matter of public concern. He declared the strong opinion of the church. The prayer book is a matter of public concern in the church catechism taught to honor and obey all in authority under him.

Walk Out of Meeting.
The Rev. O. G. F. whether the clergy who stand to King James, at the time of the American independence, who refused to acknowledge the independence of the church. He also asked applied to the clergy in Ireland to acknowledge the independence of the church.

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James Gordon B. Will Be Buried
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PROTESTANT IRELAND CL

CONSCRIPTION

Radicals Control Meeting; Loyal Walk Out

BY CHARLES N. W. DUBLIN, May 15.—The Rev. O. G. F. whether the clergy who stand to King James, at the time of the American independence, who refused to acknowledge the independence of the church. He also asked applied to the clergy in Ireland to acknowledge the independence of the church.

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PROTESTANTS IN IRELAND CLASH WITH CONSCRIPTION

Radicals Control Guild Meeting; Loyalists Walk Out.

BY CHARLES N. WHEELER.
(Special Cable to Chicago Tribune.)
DUBLIN, May 15.—Whether loyalty to the King of England is a religious or a political question, whether the clergy who supported Gen. Washington in the American revolution were loyal to the church, and whether the clergy are disloyal to the church in opposing the Kaiser, presented a heated debate at a meeting of Protestant churchmen in Dublin last night. The meeting finally was adjourned after it was decided by a vote that the question was political and that the church could oppose conscription and still remain in the church.

The Rev. Stirling Barry, Protestant bishop of Killaloe, and several other clergymen withdrew, leaving the radicals in control. They rescinded the resolution recently passed that had decried the Easter uprising.

Occasionally Dr. Crozier, prime of Ireland, presiding at the general assembly of the Protestant church of Ireland, praised loyal Irishmen who died for their lives in the war, and decried the attitude of the anti-conscriptionists. He said, "May God in His mercy forgive our misguided countrymen whose absence from service will ever constitute the darkest blot on the tragic page of Ireland's history."

Protestant clergy, as well as Catholic priests, are now active in the conscription campaign. Though on opposite sides, both have their stand on the same principle of conscience. The Catholics hold they are not bound by conscience to support conscription. Protestants hold they are bound by conscience to support the king and government.

The Catholics are solidly united, while there are some sharp divisions among the Protestants in south Ireland, outside of the state church, such as Presbyterians and Methodists. Roman Catholics in Ulster, who compose the state church, practically are unanimous for conscription. Some, however, in the south joined hands with the Catholic neighbors in opposing conscription.

The meeting disrupted last night was the annual session of the Irish Guild church of Ireland, with Bishop Barry presiding.

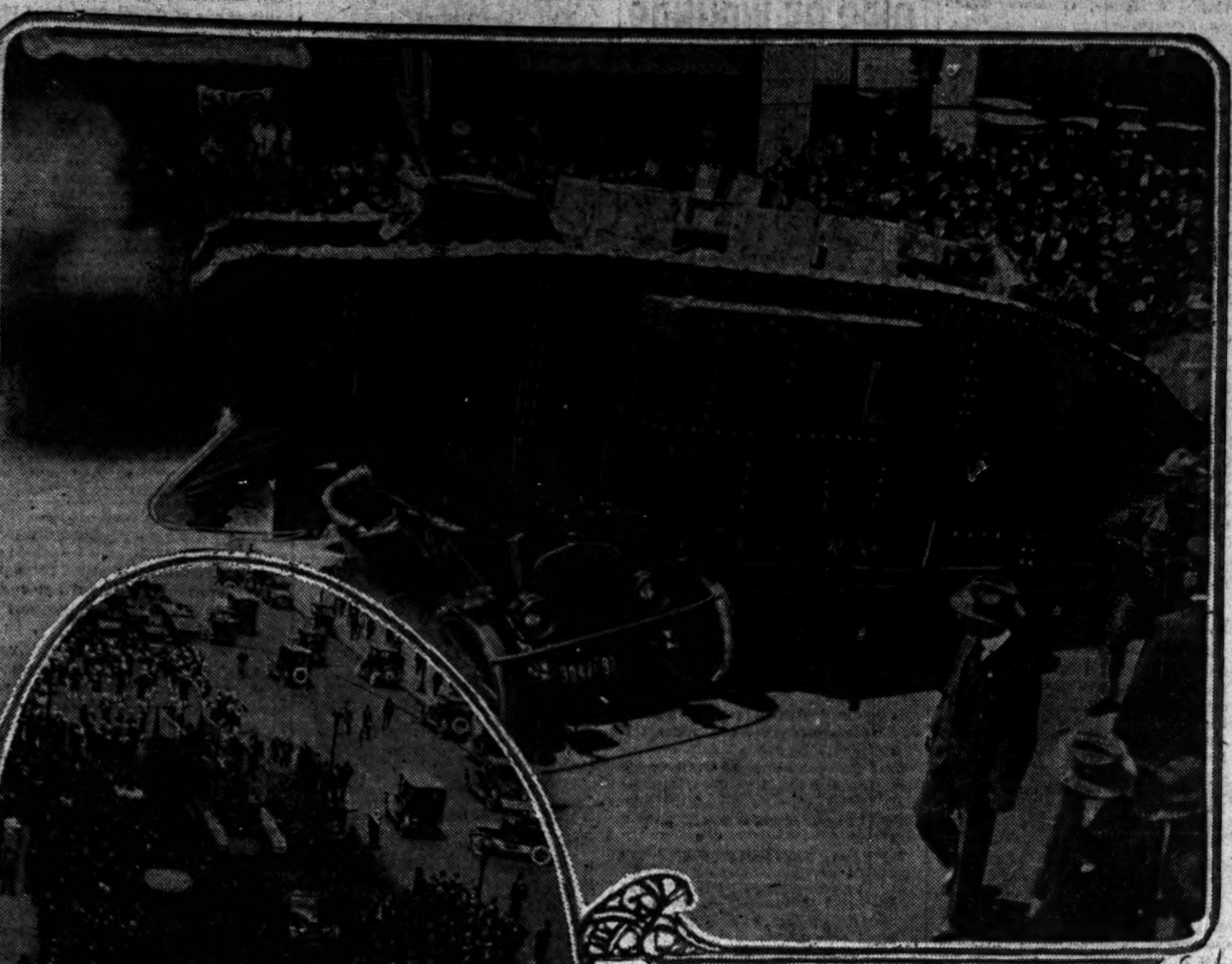
George Irvine, one of the rebels sentenced to penal servitude for his part in the Easter uprising, moved to the old resolution, holding that every Protestant Irish Republican, who refused allegiance to the king under the conscription menace, would be driven from church unless it was amended to the principle of conscience, was political and not religious.

Bishop Barry, in opposing this action, declared that if the resolution was rescinded it would be impossible for him or any other clergyman of the church in Ireland to have anything further to do with the guild. It could not be done, he said, because loyalty was absolute part of the constitution of the church. The prayer for the king was included in all public services, and in the church catechism every child is taught to honor and obey the king and all in authority under him.

The church in Ireland, he said, took the oath of allegiance to the king, and he declared the strongest authority came from Christ himself, in answering the Jews: "Render unto Caesar that which is Caesar's."

BRITISH TANK BRINGS WAR HOME TO CHICAGO

The Britannia Attracts Crowds in City's Streets as It Rumbles Along for War Savings Pledges and to Aid British Recruiting. An Automobile, Crushed by the Monster, Shows Its Power.



CHICAGO REACHES HALF WAY MARK IN THRIFT DRIVE \$28,000,000 Pledged in Week, but Must Be Doubled.

Chicago has reached the half way mark in its campaign to sell or pledge \$56,000,000 worth of thrift and war savings stamps. Only two days are remaining in pledge week, however, and it is the hope of the war savings committee that the entire amount be pledged by Saturday.

Pledge week opened with \$5,000,000 worth of the stamps sold and \$10,000,000 additional pledged. Reports yesterday showed that \$5,000,000 has been pledged so far this week, and it is estimated from the piles of unpledged pledge cards, which are arriving at war savings headquarters in the Conway building by the truck load, that \$4,000,000 more has been pledged. That makes the total approximately \$28,000,000, with a like amount to go.

A large percentage of the pledges are for \$100 or more, the money to be paid Jan. 1. Most of the pledges of adults are for at least \$50. The pledges of children are smaller. Membership in the Maximum club, composed only of persons buying \$1,000 worth of stamps, the maximum amount permitted by the government, is growing by leaps.

It was impossible to secure a total on yesterday's war savings stamp sales, but there was a big jump because of the national defense system. It will not be placed within 200 miles of the Atlantic coast. That distance has been fixed by the general staff as the minimum requirement to protect the plant from possible enemy operations of the coast.

Italian Consul Wires for Minotto Birth Certificate
Count Giulio Bolognesi, Italian consul in Chicago, yesterday wired to Venice to ascertain if Count James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift, packer, is registered there as an Italian citizen.

Upon the answer received may depend whether the count will be taken to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for internment. He is opposing internment on the ground of his Italian citizenship. The department of justice is still working on his case, and even if he is found to be an Italian his freedom is not assured.

British Tank Helps
Another big source of sales was the British recruiting tank Britannia, which was driven into the downtown district yesterday and paraded through the streets. Many rides in the steel monster were taken by purchasers of \$50 worth of stamps, and a constant stream of those who purchased one war savings stamp had a look at the interior.

SHRAPNEL

Applications for entrance to the reserve officers' camp in Fort Sheridan from June 3 to July 3 are to be received by Dean Grant of Northwestern university. It was announced yesterday.

Lieut. W. W. Lang has resigned as military instructor in Northwestern university to enter service in Canada.

Fifteen instructors in automobile mechanics are wanted by the United States employment service at 845 South Wabash avenue. Also 300 carpenters and 1,000 machinists.

The British and Canadian recruiting mission will be entertained at the Loquax club on Friday, May 17, at 12:30 noon. Maj. G. B. Morton of the Forty-sixth battalion, Canadian army, commanding the recruiting mission in Chicago, will speak on "Life on the Front in France." Maj. Morton was twice wounded.

A service flag containing forty-three stars will be unfurled at the Lake View Swedish mission church. Judge Harry Olson will be the speaker, the subject being "The War." Many of the stars represented by the stars were born in Sweden. Service will be held Friday evening, May 17.

In 1861 Capt. John Houghteling led Company A, Second Illinois cavalry, from Rochelle, Ill., which is a short distance from the present site of Camp Grant, to Springfield, Ill. Yesterday his grandson, and namesake, Serg. John Houghteling, left Camp Grant, marching northward, with Battery C, Third Hundred and Thirty-first field artillery. Serg. Houghteling is the son of J. R. Houghteling, 1835 North Keeler avenue, a public school teacher. His grandfather became chief aide-camp to Gen. John A. Logan.

Joseph E. Paden, former mayor of Evanston, who has worried because of his failure to hear from his son, Dennison Paden, in the American field ambulance service, received a letter yesterday from him telling of the activities in the sector in which his son is driving an ambulance. David Paden, another son, is an aviator in a French escadrille.

Accuses Chicago Concerns of Using Unfair Tactics
Washington, D. C., May 15.—The federal trade commission today issued complaints against the Ironite company of Chicago, the Master Builders company of Cleveland, and the United Products company of Chicago, alleging unfair methods of competition.

WURTLITZER Saxophone
—You can learn a melody in 15 minutes.
The popular instrument of "melody" and "pop." Just the music for home parties and home amusement. Ask for our easy payment plan.
Terms as low as \$1 Weekly
THE RUDOLPH WURLITZER CO.
329-331 So. Wabash Ave.
Just North of Van Buren

REIGN OF TERROR CAUSED BY I. W. W. SHOWN AT TRIAL

Witnesses Tell of Murders, Dynamitings, and Anti-Draft Work.

Seven homes of miners dynamited. One miner found on the roadside with a stiletto in his heart. Another's body found in a colliery, his severed head thrown into the mine shaft. Whole communities terrorized. Vigilante committees made necessary. A great union labor body almost disrupted. This is the record of the I. W. W. in Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, as revealed yesterday by George F. Buss, sheriff, and Herbert Smith, lieutenant of state police. Sheriff Buss and Lieut. Smith were witnesses for the government in the I. W. W. trial yesterday.

Later they told the full tale of a reign of terror in Luzerne county, in the heart of the Pennsylvania coal country.

Story Will Be Filmed.
The tale will be given in moving pictures in the near future as part of the government's pictorial representation of German activities here in hindrance of the war and their frustration by the secret service.

The I. W. W. first came into the Pennsylvania mining districts, according to Sheriff Buss, in April, 1915. They proceeded at once to attempt the disruption of the United Mine Workers' organization, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and deliberately sought to foment unwarranted strikes.

Initial progress was startlingly successful. Lieut. Smith stated in his testimony that at one time nearly 75 per cent of the miners of the county were in the I. W. W. and later they had a membership of over 30,000 in the coal fields. When the miners awoke to the true state of affairs and sought to withdraw they met sabotage. A strike threatened last summer. It was avoided by mutual conciliation and common sense.

Miners Are Murdered.
The I. W. W. insisted upon the strike. One miner, Giuseppe Benedetto, went to work in defiance of I. W. W. orders. The next day his body was found with a stiletto in his heart. Another Italian miner was warned, but he worked. I. W. W. leaders told his daughter he would regret it. She, a 15 year old girl, oldest of nine children, ran to the colliery to warn her father. He was given a guard to return home. Then his house was dynamited. The family escaped. Another house was dynamited. The miner, his wife and two children were in a hospital for weeks.

The United Mine Workers, from having suspected and detested the state police, came to regard them as their only saviors. The workers pleaded for the aid of the constabulary.

Government Takes a Hand.
Finally government agents stepped in and aided, for the worst time was from April to September, 1917, in the most critical period of war production. Many I. W. W. were deported. Others were driven out. Still others were sent to prison.

The big leaders of the I. W. W. were constantly in the field. "Big Bill" Hayward was there for a short time. But the leaders on the ground were John R. Baker, Italian lawyer, driven from Italy to Germany, to France, and thence to America; Albert Praasher, and Joe Graber, all three now defendants in the I. W. W. case here.

The distribution of "stickers" throughout the mining districts of Pennsylvania, in which the people were urged not to enlist, but instead to join the I. W. W., featured the trial of the 113 I. W. W. yesterday.

One was a circular poster in red, white, and black—the German national colors—which read, "Why be a soldier? Be a man. Join the I. W. W. and fight for your job and your class."

PIEZ PROMISES 565 SMALL SHIPS BY FEBRUARY, '19

Expects No Expansion of Yards on the Lakes.

At least 565 small vessels will be added to the United States new merchant marine by Feb. 1, 1919, according to Charles Piez, vice president and general manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation, who was in Chicago yesterday.

These vessels will be built in shipyards on the great lakes and on the Pacific and Atlantic coasts. Their total tonnage will be close to 3,000,000. Mr. Piez put in the morning at the office of the Link-Belt company, of which he is president. During the afternoon he met officials of the Illinois Manufacturers' association and later conferred with E. C. Sessions, who represents the producers division of the Emergency Fleet corporation in Chicago.

440 Wooden Ships.
"By Feb. 1 of next year we will have a fleet of 440 wooden ships ready for service," said Mr. Piez. "These ships will be of 3,500 dead weight tonnage and will be built in yards on the coast. In addition there will be 132 steel ships of the same tonnage that will come out of yards on the great lakes."

About forty wooden ships have been launched and will be ready for service within a month. These are of the Hough type, with twin engines and twin screws, and are 3,500 tons. All this will give us such a big fleet of emergency ships that we do not think it advisable to go in for more concrete construction around Chicago. We are going on with some concrete construction. Two 3,500 ton ships are to be built of concrete and we are to have six tankers of 7,500 tons each.

Concrete Work on Pacific.
"We have authorized the construction of a four way shipyard at San Francisco, where concrete ships are to be built. It is necessary to do concrete work where there will not be any severely cold winter weather that might interfere."

A small steamer is not satisfactory for trans-Atlantic service, as it has to carry fuel for the round trip and bring a return cargo. There is not enough cargo space on the small ships. The canal locks place a limit on the size of ships that can be built on the lakes, and we will have about as many of the smaller craft as we can use. It is not likely that we will be able to do much more expanding of shipyards around the lakes. We are, however, purchasing a great amount of ships' parts in the Chicago district and will place other large orders here."

ONE INDIAN'S IDEA OF WHY HE IS FIGHTING

Washington, D. C., May 15.—(Special.)—The New York Times yesterday delivered the last of its edition in Washington by airplane each day at 2:30 p. m. for \$1.75 a copy postpaid.

War Department Changes Medals for Our Heroes
Washington, D. C., May 15.—(Special.)—After turning out hundreds of the newly adopted distinguished service medals and distinguished service crosses at the Philadelphia mint, the war department has decided that the present designs will not do, and has ordered the bronze decorations melted up while new designs are being prepared.

Pershing Praises Work Done by Salvation Army

Gen. Pershing called his appreciation of the work of the Salvation army to Commissioner Thomas Estlin, who is now engaged in raising Chicago's quota of the \$5,000,000 fund being collected by the army in support of the relief work maintained by the Salvationists back of the American lines in France.

It is hoped by the Salvationists to increase the number of huts and work centers.

MAIL DELIVERY SERVICE VIA AIR IS INAUGURATED

More than Five Thousand Letters Are Carried by One Plane.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—(Special.)—The first regular air mail service in the world was inaugurated today between Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

Three of the four airplanes utilized delivered safely and on time the mail entrusted to their care. One of the three—that which left Washington in the presence of President and Mrs. Wilson, Postmaster General Eulerson, and other officials—failed only because of a broken propeller, which forced the machine to land in Maryland after it had made a brilliant flying start.

This machine was piloted by Lieut. George L. Boyle. He left Washington at 11:50 o'clock, but less than twenty minutes later had been forced to make an emergency landing at Waldorf, Md.

Three Deliver Safely.
Philadelphia was notified and the machine into which the mail carried by Lieut. Boyle's machine was to have been transferred at Philadelphia left for New York in charge of Lieut. Paul Culver, who landed safely in Belmont field.

The two aviators in charge of the first consignment of mail by air service from New York to Washington completed their task successfully. Lieut. Terrey H. Webb, who started from New York this morning, transferred his mail at Philadelphia to a second machine, which Lieut. James C. Edgerton successfully piloted to Washington, arriving at the Polo grounds here at 2:50 o'clock this afternoon.

Sent Away with Flowers.
Lieut. Boyle, whose machine did not stand the test, left here seventeen minutes behind schedule time. As the aviator returned the airplane bouquets of flowers, the gifts of President and Mrs. Wilson, were handed to him by the postmaster general.

There were four sacks of mail in the machine, three for New York and one for Philadelphia, weighing in all 150 pounds. The delay in departure was chiefly due to a wait for gasoline.

Lieut. Edgerton, who piloted the machine from Philadelphia to Washington, landed at 2:50 o'clock this afternoon. He was twenty minutes behind his schedule and brought 5,000 letters from New York as well as a number from Philadelphia. Shortly after 3 o'clock letters brought by this plane were delivered to President Wilson.

Offers Newspaper Delivery.
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Tuckahoe, Record Ship, Is Ready for War Duty
Philadelphia, Pa., May 15.—Completed and ready for her cargo, the steamship Tuckahoe, built by the New York Shipbuilding company in world's record time, was today turned over to the United States shipping board in this city. Thus, thirty-seven days after the keel was laid, the big steel ship of 5,545 tons dead weight, was prepared to sail across the seas.

Cutting Down Your Living Expenses

MOST successful businesses nowadays are managed on the budget system; that is, their costs of doing business are planned in advance according to their estimated income. You can apply the same system to cut down your own living expenses.

We have printed a household allowance book to help you carry this out. This book contains tables by which you can apportion your income so as to cut down your living expenses and save a little each year. We shall be glad to give you a copy.

Harris Trust and Savings Bank
Organized as N. W. Harris & Co. 1882. Incorporated 1907
HARRIS TRUST BUILDING
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$5,000,000

"Your Personal Bank"

ARMY SUPPLIES FOR 8 STATES TO BE BOUGHT HERE

Purchases of All Sorts to Be Made by Depot Quartermaster.

(BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)
Washington, D. C., May 15.—(Special.)—The depot quartermaster of the army, with headquarters at Chicago, authorized by a war department order today to increase many fold his purchases of army supplies.

Heretofore purchases by the depot quartermaster of the central department at Chicago have been confined largely to meats and meat products. Hereafter that official will be authorized to make purchases of all sorts of quartermaster supplies. He has been given a territory embracing eight states in which he may make purchases. Wherever possible, deliveries of goods purchased will be made to the camps in these states.

Gets Wide Territory.
The eight states which have been designated as a zone of jurisdiction for the Chicago depot quartermaster in the procurement, production, inspection, manufacture, and storage of supplies are Illinois, except the territory south of Jacksonville, Springfield, and Decatur; Indiana, north of Indianapolis; Iowa, east of Des Moines and Fort Dodge; and all of Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

The new plan is in line with recommendations of the Chicago Association of Commerce and other organizations which objected to former quartermaster corps buying practices. Previously it was the plan to have one quartermaster supply depot make all purchases of specified articles. For instance, Chicago purchased meats, New Orleans sugar, Philadelphia clothing, and other purchases were centralized in depots located in widely scattered points. Contractors in the middle west frequently were unable to bid on articles to be purchased in the east, owing to delays in correspondence.

Will Make Direct Contracts.
Under the new plan the depot quartermaster at Chicago will ascertain the production facilities within his zone, and will endeavor to promote the industry of each community by the proper allocation of purchases. The depot quartermaster also will make contracts direct with producers in his territory, relieving manufacturers and jobbers of the necessity of dealing with the department in Washington.

The southern Indiana territory has been assigned to the Jeffersonville, Ind., supply depot.

SALARY RAISES STAYED AGAIN BY SCHOOL TRUSTEES

It was a quiet meeting of the board of education yesterday. The gavel was a little, but it shook down no plan.

For the first time in many months there was nothing that could be termed a clash between the solid six and the minority. Perhaps the greatest show of feeling came from Mrs. Lulu Snodgrass, when a resolution from the city council was read asking that the schools be calcimined every two years. "I'll not vote for that," she said. "When the city council show a record in housecleaning, especially if the police stations, that is equal to that of the board of education. I will be ready to listen to his suggestions." Every one else voted for the resolution. The salary increases of the elementary school teachers and principals and the school engineers and custodians which were recommended by the finance committee in the morning were referred upon the record of one of the members of the "solid six."

The increase amounts to about \$1,000,000, and principals, engineers, and district superintendents have been lobbying for the commission by the city council of the expected appointment of President Davis and Mr. Sevringhaus. An argument being used was that if the two leaders of the "solid six" are not reappointed the increase will not be given.

Louis E. Hess, head of the bureau of supplies, was suspended by Capt. Percy R. Coffin, business manager. Mr. Hess was charged with inefficiency and failure to pay his debts. He will be tried by the committee on buildings and grounds.

The Albert J. Ward company was awarded the contract of chiseling off the name of Blumenthal from what is now the Funston school and carving the name of Gen. Funston over two doors. The job will cost \$75.

KAISER'S EYE IS IN ALASKA, SAYS CONSUL BAKER

Harry D. Baker of Chicago, United States consul at Trinidad, British West Indies, former commercial attaché at Petrograd, and at one time a member of the editorial staff of THE TRIBUNE, has returned for a few days to Chicago.

Mr. Baker left Russia before the outbreak of the revolution. He says he believes the Germans can get little economic or food relief from Russia unless they can reorganize agriculture, supply tools and implements and binding twine, furnish funds in advance of crops, stop the sale of vodka, and arrange for better and more efficient supply of labor and transport facilities.

"It is not probable," he says, "that Germany will voluntarily stop its absorption of Russia until it gets to the point of starvation. He says he believes the United States as part of war indemnity asked for, if defeated, would doubtless be expected to give to Alaska, whose enormous resources in coal, copper, and fish, would be much desired for German exploitation."

Mr. Baker states the West Indies are enjoying much war prosperity, but are hampered by lack of sufficient ships and port of their products.

CHICAGO GIRLS "HELLO" IN FRANCE

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—(Special.)—Ten Illinois girls are among the 100 trained women telephone operators speaking both French and English fluently who have been sent to work in military telephone exchanges in France. All have the allowance of army nurses and are uniformed. The pay ranges from \$125 to \$150 a month. The uniform consists of a coat and skirt made of navy blue serge, tailored shirt waist of navy blue Palm Beach cloth or similar materials, and straight brimmed hat of blue felt with the official orange and white hat cord of the signal corps.

The Illinois girls included in the unit are: Millicent Martin, Maria Flood, Helen Ruth Orr, Dorisella Palmer, Elizabeth R. Roby, Dorothy L. Sage, Evelyn Thomas, Marjorie Thomas, Bertha J. Verker, and Lillian R. Verker.

"These girls," Capt. Wesson of the signal corps, who has recruited the unit, said, "are going to astound the French by their efficiency. In Paris it takes from forty to sixty seconds to complete one telephone call. Our girls are equipped to handle 300 calls an hour."

Letter from one of them.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Martin of 643 Woodland park have just received word of the safe arrival in France of their daughter, Miss Millicent Martin, who volunteered for telephone duty in the signal corps. V. S. A. Miss Martin writes that she has been assigned to duty in Paris, where her brother, Lieut. Col. Harold S. Martin of the aviation section signal corps, is also stationed.

RED CROSS HOST READY FOR DRIVE FOR \$6,000,000

Preparations for the opening of the \$6,000,000 Red Cross drive on Monday are nearing completion with the announcement yesterday of the campaign of the schools and the churches, and the plans for the community pageants. There are about 325,000 Chicago school children in the Junior Red Cross, and they will have a large share in the drive. Their work will consist only in getting pledges to the fund. They will not collect money.

A Red Cross flag will be given the schools which report a pledge for every child and teacher in the school. Schools securing 200 per cent will be given a six foot red streamer, also, and those reporting 250 per cent a red and blue streamer.

Saturday's parade will start at 2:30 p. m. The pageants will start at 2:30 p. m. on the athletic field at the south end of Lincoln park, another in the west part of Garfield park, at Washington boulevard, the third at Sixteenth street and Cottage Grove avenue, and the fourth in Logan square, this pageant starting at 3:30 p. m.

The outlying parade units will mobilize at 1 p. m. at the following points: North side, Walton place and Dearborn street; west side, Union square; south side, Forty-third street and Wabash avenue.

Special Red Cross services will be held in 1,000 churches, missions, and Sunday schools Sunday.

Meeker and Marsh Cattle at Guernsey Club Show

Cattle from the farms of Arthur Meeker, in Lake Forest, and W. W. Marsh, treasurer of the Democratic national committee in Waterloo, Ia., are entered among the 100 animals in the show and sale of the American Guernsey Cattle club at Arcady farm, Mr. Meeker's place.

Several hundred breeders from over the country attended the sale yesterday. The annual meeting of the club was held in the Auditorium hotel. A special pledge card has been prepared for them. Mr. J. Murray Page, director of the junior activities of the Red Cross, has charge of the school campaign.

The NOISELESS TYPEWRITER



Two Business Men and a Girl

THEY were reading the Noiseless booklet, and they came across the photograph of the typewriter on page four.

"That's funny," said the younger of the two men. "I had an idea that the Noiseless must be some kind of a freak machine, or something. Why, that's a better looking machine than we have here in this office."

The girl nodded. "True, but don't you imagine it must be rather slow or something? It hardly seems possible that it can really be noiseless. What do you think, Mr. Smith?"

Mr. Smith was busy translating thoughts into action. "I don't know any more about the Noiseless than you do," he said, "but it certainly is worth investigating. What wouldn't we give for a quiet office!"

That's the right spirit. "See what it's like, anyway." Ten minutes trial will answer all your questions about its work—its speed—its touch—its new noiseless principle of pressure printing.

Write for Booklet "THE TYPEWRITER PLUS!"

THE NOISELESS TYPEWRITER COMPANY
First National Bank Bldg., Chicago. (Phone, Randolph 3209)

BECKER PLAYED AS A TRADER IN SOULS OF WOMEN

Case of 21st Ward Boss, Graft Accused, Goes to Jury Today.

Charging that Francis A. Becker, the big cog in the Twenty-first ward Lunt-Thompson machine, used politics as a shield behind which he collected graft for the protection of vice, Assistant State's Attorney Marvin E. Barnhart yesterday asked the jury to impose on Becker the maximum penalty for conspiracy to "graft," a fine of \$5,000 and five years in the penitentiary. The case will go to the jury today.

Mr. Barnhart characterized Becker as "king of the vice squad" and said to the jury:

"You men know the character of the women who travelled along North Clark street until Herman Schuetter sent 'Honest James' Gleason and Lieut. Schoemaker there to clean out the district."

Filles Outcasts; Scorns Graft.
"I will not revile that kind of women. They are to be pitied rather than condemned. But I will not talk that way about the man who takes the proceeds of their bodies and their souls. I don't care whether this is called politics or plain graft."

In beginning the opening argument for the state Mr. Barnhart tipped the mask from Becker's explanation that the money he had received in the little white envelopes was for the "campaign fund." Witnesses had testified that they paid money to former Detective Sergt. McKune, who said he gave it to Becker, as late as December, 1916, and January, 1917.

"You men live in this city," Mr. Barnhart reminded the jury. "You know there was no political campaign after November, 1916. But that's the time this defendant got in his work. His explanation is bunk."

Calls It "Bunk Money."
The money which McKune testified that he had been collecting from hotels that harbored prostitutes, from saloons and gambling joints, the prosecutor called "blood money, vile and corrupt, which found its way into the vile hands of Francis Becker."

"Notations in Becker's books of memoranda, giving such names as 'Greenard' and 'Rothchild,' had been explained by Becker earlier in the day as being the names of persons who had violated the law and whom he was interested in prosecuting."

"He tells you he went to the East Chicago avenue station six or eight times a day," said the prosecutor, referring to this explanation by Becker. "Do you believe that he was there to prosecute people?"

Forget Politics, He Urges.
Mr. Barnhart asked that the jurors "forget their politics" when they ballot to get a verdict, and to base their verdict on the evidence alone.

Attorney Clarence Dawson, representing Becker, declared in his closing argument that the case is one of suspicion only and that an "extraordinary effort is being made to convict Becker."

Ask Soldiers and Sailors Just to 'Leave It to Jane'

Soldiers and sailors who are in Chicago next Sunday afternoon looking for entertainment are asked to just "Leave It to Jane."

To do that they must go to the La Salle theater, Madison street, between Clark and La Salle. All are invited.

SKULLS

Dr. Sadler of Chicago Explains Causes of War by Racial Characteristics of Germans' Heads.

DETROIT, Mich., May 15.—(Special.)—"Many causes for the war have been advanced," Dr. William S. Sadler, noted Chicago anthropologist, who is here to address the Michigan manufacturers' convention, said today, "but the real reasons—the important factors—are racial. There are two distinct types of Germans. One class has long heads; the other has round heads. The first class forms only 10 per cent of the population of Germany. The Kaiser and the ruling Germans are, almost without exception, of the long head class."

The long heads are egotists; they do not believe that might is right, but they do know that such a theory satisfies the round heads. Von Hindenburg is the only great round headed general known, and he would be no good if he had not the long headed Gen. Ludendorff behind him.

"The great American melting pot has failed to assimilate the round heads. That is why we have our anti-Americans. Only when downed by might the round heads ever admit that their belief in the right of might is wrong."

"The Kaiser is not a Christian. He believes in a German god. He is an intellectual, a coolheaded, scheming egotist, a man who had the sense to recognize the characteristics of a brutal people, and train them to become his pawns."

"There will be no revolution in Germany. Round heads are too unimaginative to revolt."

MOVES TO OPEN 700 STATIONS FOR TEN CENT MILK

A series of conferences will be called by Harry A. Wheeler, food administrator for Illinois, early next week to consider plans for extending the "cash and carry" milk system, by which sales are to be made at 10 cents a quart.

"It was the purpose of the milk commission to see that 700 stations, representing the distributing points of all dealers, should accept and put into effect recommendations for milk at 10 cents on the 'cash and carry' basis," Mr. Wheeler explained yesterday.

"It being evident that this matter is not properly understood by the majority of the small milk dealers and that they have not as yet recognized their obligation to follow the recommendations of the commission, a series of conferences will be called and definite arrangements made."

Mr. Wheeler left yesterday afternoon for Washington. That there will be an ample supply of milk both for home consumption and for the boys "over there" this year was the report of members at the closing session of the annual meeting of the American Guernsey Cattle club in the Auditorium hotel yesterday.

MANN BACK IN CITY AT WORK IN HIS GARDEN

Congressman James R. Mann returned to Chicago yesterday and forthwith climbed into his overalls for the spring planting. He started to spade up the garden at Stony Island avenue and Seventy-third street, where for years he has indulged his taste for husbandry and set out an onion and lettuce bed.

He expects to be in Chicago the greater part of the summer, as his health is somewhat run down. He will have no campaigning to worry over, as his friends have taken all that off his shoulders. Members each and were awarded the "double ace."

DRUG RING BARED IN CONFESSIONS TO JUDGE LANDIS

Memphis Doctors Named Are Called Into Court.

Confessions made by two opium peddlers before Federal Judge Landis yesterday, involving the names of three Memphis, Tenn., physicians as alleged heads of a new "drug trust" with nationwide ramifications, led to a hurried adjournment of the case and the issuance of forthwith subpoenas for the production at once in Chicago of the accused doctors.

The exposé came when Arthur Welsh and Hugh Hutchens, alias Ed Smith, who had been arrested for selling opium sulphate in large quantities to Chicago drug fends, were arraigned for sentence.

Doctors Are Accused.
Questioned by Judge Landis and Assistant District Attorney Ben Eppstein, they at first testified reluctantly that the drug had been shipped from Memphis, and, when pressed, finally broke down and named physicians who they said were carrying on a big business in the forbidden drug.

"This case appears to have assumed amazing proportions. There appears to be a well defined drug ring. I want these doctors here at once to explain," Judge Landis declared, after hearing their stories.

Doctors Are Called.
He issued forthwith subpoenas for the following Memphis physicians: DR. J. T. WEBB, Main and Talmon streets.

DR. JOHN SAUNDERS, 333 South Second street.

DR. BENJAMIN FRIEDMAN, Main and Basile streets.

Several other Memphis doctors, said by the drug peddlers to be involved, face inquiries by the internal revenue agents. In addition several Chicagoans are also under suspicion of having received opium shipments.

Doctor's Fine Falls.
Dr. Morris Shaffer, a young Chicago physician who was sentenced to two years in Port Leavenworth penitentiary on Monday by Judge Landis for selling morphine illegally to drug fends, appeared before the court yesterday asking for leniency on the ground that he had been commissioned a lieutenant in the United States medical reserve.

"The jurist glared at him indignantly. 'The idea of a man like you wanting to treat any of our soldiers,' he exploded at last. 'It's all the more reason why the sentence will stand.'"

Chinese Whisky Will Be Used to Beat Kaiser
Chinese whisky in "renovated" form is to be used to whip the Kaiser. Federal Judge Carpenter yesterday ordered thirty-two cases, seized last week upon their arrival in Chicago from Hongkong, redelivered to extract the alcohol, which will be sent to the Great Lakes Naval Training station for war uses.

The whisky was imported in violation of the act of Nov. 18, 1917.

KNIGHT WINS \$25,253 FIGHT.
James H. Knight, son of the late Clarence Knight, president of the Oak Park branch of the National Association of Manufacturers, was upheld in his suit for \$25,253 against Elder J. B. Smith and Rev. J. B. Smith of the brokerage firm of Bess, Rogers & Co., who are alleged to have borrowed heavily of Knight. It was alleged the original loans totaled \$50,000.

ROGER SULLIVAN CALLS ON WILSON

Washington, D. C., May 15.—(Special.)—Roger Sullivan, who is here with his son Boetius, had a half hour's talk with President Wilson at the White House today.

Although Mr. Sullivan has been an infrequent caller at the White House, and said his visit was of no public interest, rumor has it that he sought this early opportunity of taking "common counsel" with the president upon the approaching contest for United States senator in Illinois. It has been rumored that the president desires Senator Lewis to seek renomination and that he is prepared to do everything in his power to induce the citizens of Illinois to elect the senator.

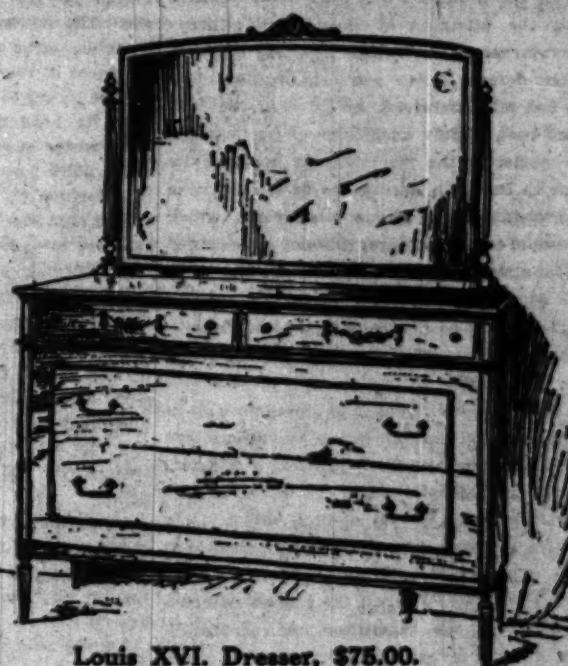
Mr. Sullivan and his friends do not share the president's opinion of the senator and hope Mr. Wilson will keep hands off the Democratic primary. The Democrats believe they would have no chance to defeat either McCormick or Deneen, but would have an excellent chance of beating Thompson.

INSULL APPEALS TO EVERY FAMILY TO PLANT GARDEN

Samuel Insull, chairman of the State Council of Defense, issued a statement yesterday appealing to every family in Chicago to plant a war garden. The vegetable crop for 1918 will be at least 25 per cent smaller than for 1917, he said, unless the war garden work is speeded up. The large industrial plants are asked to assist by preparing the vacant tracts near factories to be worked by employees.

"When possible," the statement reads, "individuals and institutions should offer land free, arrange for community plowing, and name a committee to make it easy for employees to secure tools, seeds, fertilizer, and other essentials."

"There is still time to grow a good garden. The war garden committee of the State Council of Defense, 120 West Adams street, is prepared to help you."



Louis XVI. Dresser, \$75.00.

Colby's Offer C. S. Paine Co. Fine Furniture at One-Half Price.

Come and see this C. S. Paine Furniture now greatly reduced.

Here is an opportunity for anybody wanting Fine Furniture at a handsome saving.

We have singled out a number of complete dining-room suits and many single pieces for disposal at a reduction of one-third to one-half the regular prices.

The more conditions are considered, the more remarkable does this opportunity appear.

Not only are the goods reliable in construction, but they are desirable in type. Every suit and piece in the group is one that somebody will be glad to secure, especially at so much less than it would ordinarily cost.

The sooner one sets about securing it the better.

A Few of the Remarkable Values

- \$39.50 for new style Oblong Dining Room Table in walnut, 46x60 inch top.
- \$35.50 for English cottage style Twin Bed, Ivory enamel and floral decorations.
- \$75.00 for handsome Louis XVI. Enamel Dresser, French gray and white enamel. A very remarkable value.
- \$118.50 for Ivory Enamel Dresser and Twin Bed.
- \$245.00 for very handsome Walnut Dresser, full size Bed and Chiffonere.
- \$69.00 for a large Walnut Dresser, burl walnut front, old English design.
- \$75.00 for Daybed in French gray enamel, hand painted decorations.
- \$29.50 for Floor Lamp in black lacquer, Chinese decorations.
- \$9.75 for small Table in polychrome, glass top over Chinese fabric.
- \$229.00 for 9-piece Walnut Dining Room Set, consisting of sideboard, extension table and seven chairs.
- \$68.00 for handsome Sideboard in black walnut.
- \$25.00 for old Ivory Enamel Buffet, suitable for breakfast room.
- \$69.00 for imported handmade English Arm Chair, red lacquer and cane.
- \$476.50 for English style complete Bedroom Set, in green and with floral decorations.
- \$45.00 for high-back richly decorated Arm Chair in Chinese lacquer.
- \$259.00 for 4-piece richly figured Mahogany Bedroom Set, burl walnut panels.
- \$285.00 for 5-piece Louis XVI. Bedroom Set in ivory enamel, cane panels and interesting detail.
- \$72.50 for richly decorated old English Console Table, black and gold lacquer.
- \$32.50 for Chinese lacquer Mirror to match.

Many Other Splendid Values Throughout Our Five Floors
The Most Unusual Furniture Store in All America

JOHN COLBY & SONS

129 North Wabash Avenue
On Wabash Near Randolph

Boys' Graduation & Confirmation Suits



An early start, made to provide against the increasing cost of woollens, has enabled us to complete our graduation suit displays earlier than usual.

Two special groups of suits with extra trousers are offered now. The garments are recent productions, the very latest summer styles, handsome fabrics, dependably tailored, sizes 6 to 18, \$12 & \$16.50

Other Suits with extra trousers for boys, \$8.50 to \$30

To Complete "His" Graduation Outfit

- Boys' Shirts, plain and fancy patterns, soft cuffs, sizes to 14½, special, \$1.25.
- Boys' Blouses, with attached military collars, madras and percales, \$1 to \$4.
- Boys' Neckwear, silk, knit, and wash materials, plain and novelty patterns, 25c to \$1.50.
- Boys' Gloves, kid, chambray, and silk, in gray, tan, and khaki shades, 75c to \$2.
- Boys' Straw Hats, all brads, in plain and novelty shapes, huge variety, from \$1.45 to \$7.45.
- Boys' Union Suits, white cotton, short sleeves, knee length, sizes 4 to 18 years, 75c to \$1.

Boys' Shoes, for graduation and vacation, gun metal, and patent leather, sizes 5 to 13½, at \$2.50 to \$4; sizes 1 to 6, \$3.50 to \$5.

Main Floor

Boys' Store, Sixth Floor Children's Haircutting, 25c

Official Scout Outfits

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson

Official Scout Outfits

Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Wagon, 12.....	7	0	0	0
Totals	60	1	8	8

GOOSE ISLAND MALTING PLANT CHANGES HANDS

Property of the American
Company Sold for
\$87,000.

Real Estate Transfers.

Real estate transfers filed for record yesterday totaled 299 in number, involving \$12,718, covering 170 lots and city and 59 in the outlying townships, including 31 under the Torrens system. Transfers were as follows:

Lake View..... 4 New Trier..... 2
Hyde Park..... 39 Bremen..... 2
Calumet..... 7 Norwood Park..... 3
Cicero..... 15 Bloom..... 3
South Town..... 3 Thornton..... 4
Lake..... 38 North Town..... 4
West Town..... 2 Palatine..... 2
Stickney..... 2 Rich..... 1
Jefferson..... 30 Ridgeland..... 1
Rogers Park..... 1 Riverside..... 2
Proviso..... 4 Wheeling..... 1

The sale of the American Malting company's plant on Goose Island, a big Logan Square apartment deal featured yesterday's real estate news. David & Bosley & Bosley Bros., in the building material and wrecking business, was the purchaser of the malting company's plant, the consideration being reported at \$87,000, \$35,000 being paid in cash, while the balance, \$52,000, was represented by a purchase money mortgage. The ground has an area of 55,500 square feet and is improved with old seven and eight story buildings and three alevated. It is stated that no definite plans have been made by the purchasers looking to any changes in the property.

It is located on the north side of Blue street, between Hickory and Cherry streets, with a frontage on each street, and has a switch track from the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul leading into the property. It is said the purchaser have been offered and refused a profit of \$10,000. Edmund S. Cummings and Hugo Sonnenschein attended to the legal details, while Mark Levy & Bro. were the brokers.

Julian Apartments Sold.
The apartment deal was the purchase by Robert F. Hillinger, from John S. Coulter, of the Julian apartments at 2607-25 Logan boulevard, between Milwaukee and Sacramento avenues, for an indicated consideration of \$140,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$75,000. The building occupies a lot 145x150 feet and contains thirty-five apartments of four, five, and six rooms, having a gross annual rental of \$21,000. The purchaser gave in part payment the three-story store office and flat building on 17x124 feet at 910-12 Belmont avenue at a valuation of \$32,500, subject to an incumbrance of \$14,000, and the vacant 52x100 feet at the north-west corner of Ashland avenue and Augusta street at a valuation of \$10,000, clear. F. E. Lackowski & Co. represented both parties and will continue the management of the building.

The Edridge Realty company, which last week took title to a tract of 3.45 acres at the northeast corner of Kedzie avenue and the Burlington tracks for an indicated consideration of \$30,000, from Mrs. Adelaide Crawford and Miss Genevieve Crawford, has now conveyed the same to the Wisconsin Lime and Cement company for a stated consideration of \$46,500, giving to the Chicago Title and Trust company a trust deed to secure a purchase money mortgage of \$41,075, ten years, at 6 per cent.

Winnetka Transaction.
Record was made of the transfer by William Aiken of Glencoe to Winnetka C. Pitcher of Winnetka of five pieces of residence property in Winnetka for a total consideration of \$29,000, subject to incumbrances aggregating \$32,500. The most valuable covered the nine room stucco dwelling on 55x124 feet of ground, south front, on Oak street 180 feet west of Maple street, for an expressed consideration of \$12,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$10,000. Another covered the property in Foxdale avenue 160 feet south of North avenue, lot 44x151 feet, east front, with frame dwelling, which was conveyed for a stated consideration of \$10,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$5,000.

Louis V. Logemann has conveyed to Rose E. Welch the property in Rockwell street 212 feet south of Alameda street, lot 30x125 feet, east front, with brick improvements, for an indicated consideration of \$21,200, subject to an incumbrance of \$14,000.

Flat Changes Hands.
The apartment property in Maryland avenue, 48 feet north of Sixty-seventh street, lot 100x125 feet, west front, has been conveyed by Frank D. Lohrke to Martha D. Planet for an indicated consideration of \$27,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$20,000.

Mary Rohrbacher has conveyed to Minnie Rakelius the property in Winthrop avenue 134 feet north of Bryn Mawr avenue, lot 66x150 feet, east front, with improvements, for an indicated consideration of \$16,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$6,000.

Perennial Plants.
Masters of Bloom—Minimum of Care distinguish this class of plants. Whether for cut flowers or for the border, there are no other plants so satisfactory, as they grow year after year and produce more blooms each succeeding year.

The following at 15c each, \$1.50 per doz.
Aquilegia (Columbian), Hardy.
Asters, Canterbury Bells, Shasta.
Daisy, Larkspur, Sweet William,
Forsythia, Hollyhock, German
iris, Ragged Robin, Pinks, and
Pyracantha.

The W. W. Barnard Co.
Seedmen
231-235 W. Madison St.

OFFICIAL WEATHER REPORT

Place of observation.	Time.	Temp.	Wind.	Clouds.	Bar.	Vis.	Remarks.
Springfield, Mo.	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
St. Louis	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
St. Paul	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Chicago	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Indianapolis	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Philadelphia	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
New York	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Boston	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Washington	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Francisco	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Los Angeles	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Diego	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Albuquerque	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Dallas	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Dallas	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Dallas	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Dallas	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Dallas	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Dallas	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Dallas	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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Phoenix	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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El Paso	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
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San Antonio	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0	10	Clear S. 100
Fort Worth	7:00 p. m.	78	W.	80	30.0		

OHIO CITIES SET EQUALS 25.52% ON THE COMMON

Net Surplus Income for
the Fiscal Year Is
\$10,328,491.

The annual report of the Ohio Cities Gas company for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1918, is being mailed to stockholders. The figures presented show for the fiscal period net surplus income of \$10,328,491, which, after providing the 5% per cent dividend on the preferred stock amounting to \$45,865, there remained \$9,882,626 applicable to the present outstanding \$38,750,000 common stock.

The net surplus income was equal to \$3.38 a share on the common, the par value of which is \$25, the profit being equal to 25.52 per cent. There was paid on the common \$4.05 a share, or 16.2 per cent, the regular dividend rate on the issue is now 10 per cent in cash. Five per cent in stock was also paid last year and the year before. The surplus over 1917 dividends was \$2.32 a share, or 9.32 per cent.

New Stock Issued.
The company's property was appraised in the early part of 1917 and capitalized by the issuance of 1,150,530 shares of common. The proceeds from the sale of the stock was productive for but a part of the fiscal year and the average common capital productively employed was \$20 per share, against the total outstanding of \$38,750,000.

The balance sheet shows total quick assets of \$1,665,014 and current liabilities of \$4,576,714. The excess of current assets over current liabilities was \$1,088,300, or more than two and one quarters times the cash item stood at \$1,451,440.

Would Add to Book Value.
If the balance sheet under liability there is an item of \$8,690,120 designated as "Premium and discount." This has reference to the premium realized on a certain amount of the common stock. It might be considered as an item of surplus, which would add 23 points to the book value of the common shares.

The large increase in the property account was due to the acquisition of new leases and buildings of plants. The purchases were made out of sales of stock.

Income Account.
The income account follows:

Year ended March 31, 1918.	1917.
Gross earnings.....	\$2,092,154
Less: Gas tax.....	5,740,047
Net operating.....	1,500,988
Depreciation.....	1,772,620
Int. on notes.....	250,375
Div. on notes.....	187,274
Depreciation.....	2,008,889
Net surplus.....	10,328,491
Div. on common.....	478,585
Div. on preferred.....	45,865
Div. by Pure Oil.....	1,817,780
Balance sheet.....	468,895
Ret. to surplus.....	8,428,618
Previous surplus.....	552,742
Surplus carried over.....	552,742
Less: Exp. value.....	8,575,027
Total.....	\$4,576,714
Less: Exp. value.....	4,576,714
Surplus.....	601,270

Balance Sheet.
ASSETS.

1918.	1917.
Plant and equip.....	\$6,458,158
Current assets.....	807,845
Debt.....	1,000,000
Stocks.....	2,000,000
Notes.....	1,000,000
Accounts receivable.....	1,000,000
Prepaid expenses.....	1,000,000
Other assets.....	1,000,000
Total.....	\$11,266,078

LIABILITIES.

1918.	1917.
Stocks outstanding.....	\$2,000,000
Preferred stock.....	2,000,000
Common stock.....	1,500,000
Debt.....	1,000,000
Notes.....	1,000,000
Accounts payable.....	1,000,000
Other liabilities.....	1,000,000
Total.....	\$11,266,078

According to an official of the company, the figures of earnings reflect in West Virginia and the Corn Plantation refinery at Warren, Pa. for but a part of last year, the plants not getting into operation until late in the year. As against income of about \$600,000 appearing in the profit statement just issued and credited to Cabin Creek Refinery the earnings are at the rate of \$2,500,000 per annum. The company has eighteen wells in the Cabin Creek district which have not been shut. It is declared the company has not much more than touched its holdings in the West Virginia field.

R. G. Dawes, president of the company, said in New York yesterday:

"The company is in a fine financial position, as may be seen from our cash account and excess of earnings over liabilities. We have encouraged all our customers to use our gas. We have not found it necessary to discount any of our obligations. The outlook very satisfactory. Our statements of earnings have not yet been able to catch up with the full volume of profits due to the acquisition of new property and the building of refineries."

ANACONDA REFINERY DIRECTORS.
ANACONDA, Mont., May 15.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Anaconda Refining company, held today at the Hotel Hamilton, all of the directors were re-elected. The annual report of President John D. Ryan was received.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close.
25 railroads.....	62.75	61.50	62.11
50 industrials.....	52.87	52.10	52.00
50 stocks.....	73.36	72.00	72.85

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

May 15.	High.	Low.	Close.
May 15.....	73.36	72.00	72.85
May 14.....	72.00	70.85	71.34
May 13.....	72.00	70.85	71.34
May 12.....	71.35	70.85	71.34
May 11.....	71.35	70.85	71.34

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

May 1918.	High.	Low.	Close.
May 1918.....	73.36	72.00	72.85
May 1917.....	63.75	61.50	62.11
May 1916.....	52.87	52.10	52.00
May 1915.....	73.36	72.00	72.85
May 1914.....	73.36	72.00	72.85

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

1918.	High.	Low.	Close.
1918.....	73.36	72.00	72.85
1917.....	63.75	61.50	62.11
1916.....	52.87	52.10	52.00
1915.....	73.36	72.00	72.85
1914.....	73.36	72.00	72.85

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

May 15.	High.	Low.	Close.
May 15.....	77.00	76.00	76.50
May 14.....	76.00	75.00	75.50
May 13.....	76.00	75.00	75.50
May 12.....	75.00	74.00	74.50
May 11.....	75.00	74.00	74.50

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

1918.	High.	Low.	Close.
1918.....	77.00	76.00	76.50
1917.....	67.00	66.00	66.50
1916.....	57.00	56.00	56.50
1915.....	67.00	66.00	66.50
1914.....	67.00	66.00	66.50

FULL YEARS.

1917.	High.	Low.	Close.
1917.....	77.00	76.00	76.50
1916.....	67.00	66.00	66.50
1915.....	57.00	56.00	56.50
1914.....	67.00	66.00	66.50
1913.....	67.00	66.00	66.50

ON THE BROAD
STREET CURB

INDUSTRIALS.	High.	Low.	Close.
Alcoa.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Am. Steel.....	100	98	99
Am. Wire.....	100	98	99
Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99

RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Close.
At. & N. O.....	100	98	99
B. & O.....	100	98	99
C. & D. C.....	100	98	99
P. & M.....	100	98	99
R. & A.....	100	98	99

BONDS.	High.	Low.	Close.
U. S. 4's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Steel.....	100	98	99
Am. Wire.....	100	98	99
Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

BONDS.	High.	Low.	Close.
U. S. 4's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Steel.....	100	98	99
Am. Wire.....	100	98	99
Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

BONDS.	High.	Low.	Close.
U. S. 4's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

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Am. Wire.....	100	98	99
Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

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U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

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U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
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U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
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U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
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Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

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U. S. 4's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

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Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

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U. S. 4's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

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Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

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U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

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Am. Wire.....	100	98	99
Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

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U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

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Am. Steel.....	100	98	99
Am. Wire.....	100	98	99
Am. Zinc.....	100	98	99
Am. Can.....	100	98	99
Alcoa.....	100	98	99

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U. S. 4's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 5's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 6's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 7's.....	100	98	99
U. S. 8's.....	100	98	99

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS													
Asked.	Description—	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	Net	Bid.	Asked.	Description—	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
68	Adams Express.....	100	138	136	137	100	129	129	Liggett & W. M. G.	300	103	101	102
59	Adv. Rummy.....	100	134	134	134	100	117	120	Louis & Neph.	300	103	101	102
1	Albino Gold.....	100	33	33	33	100	230	230	Manhat Elev.....	100	98	97	97
32	Alfa-C Mfg.....	800	14	14	14	100	26	27		100	98	97	97

00 BOND
STOCKS CLIP
PARTY COUPON
Number of New
Use Cash
Var Stamps.

ENN GRISWOLD.
Interest yesterday
in interest to the 10
of the second Liberty
amount representing 2
\$3,085,766.15 of the bonds
the first time that the
of the 10,000,000 ever had
highest coupon.
The appeal to divert their
purposes. All day long
the coupon windows
banks, and but few cash
with them. Some de
interest, intending to use
the bonds, while estimates
indicate that several hun
in Chicago must have
board of money immedi
drift stamps and small
first date on Liberties is
payment will be made
On Sept. 15 comes the
payment to the 17,000,000
bought bonds of the third

er bonds were in the
the 44s were listed. For
er firm.
bonds are following the
stocks and many of them
high rates for the year.
United States Bonds, Rub
and Manhattan 5s, and
and many convertibles,
were in demand, with
only for low priced bonds.
age of converting 3 1/2 per
bonds into the second
issue expired yesterday.
being practically none of
since the terms of
were announced. Bond
that under any ar
conversion or original
third issue is more at
the second.

ity Bank
ago

of Business

\$2,784,255.69
10,369,732.73
669,822.66
10,369,732.73
\$4,183,135.25

\$2,000,000.00
750,000.00
445,376.36
15,000.00
100,000.00
609,522.66
2,450,000.00
33,552,936.23
\$4,183,135.25

\$2,000,000.00
750,000.00
445,376.36
15,000.00
100,000.00
609,522.66
2,450,000.00
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WORLD'S GRAIN MARKET NEWS

There is a feeling in some quarters of the grain trade that while the weather and crop conditions are bearish the disposition of the trade in general is to take too bullish a view of the situation and overall on the situation. There is very little outside speculation in the grain market, and the local trading element is continually getting short on the bread and cereal bulge. As a local trader expressed it, it is a continued winding up and unwinding that keeps the trade in a nervous condition. Sharp rallies follow all breaks, but the absence of pressure of cash grain makes a nervous and erratic state of the market.

A few of the grain traders are disposed to be bullish and are buying on sharp declines and taking profits on the quick rallies. They say it is not time to take a period of the corn bull, but that of the corn bull may not be far off. One of the corn bulls who he looks for the trade to be greatly disappointed in the amount of corn that will be moved after corn planting is over. He is in and out of the market, and he is in the market with conditions in central and northern Illinois and says that the large percentage of the corn that has been marketed. Farmers are tending with the price received for fresh wheat, and the price of corn is 60c to 65c, owing to the large percentage of damaged kernels, and prefer to hold it at home.

World's wheat stock, as given by the Daily Trade Bulletin, was 303,513,000 bu. against 311,164,000 bu. last year. Decrease in April was 15,234,000 bu. against an increase of 23,110,000 bu. last year. Stocks in the United States were 1,740,000 bu. against 1,740,000 bu. last month and 1,740,000 bu. last year. A local cash corn handler, in discussing the market, said that there were many who were sold by the fact that prices are low when compared with what they were last winter. There is considerable corn held that shows a heavy loss, due to inability to interest eastern buyers. New England continues to cancel purchases made some time ago.

An Iowa farmer who was here yesterday bought two cars of No. 6 corn, part of it white, at \$1.15, and said he would ship it back to Iowa for feed. A car of No. 1 mixed corn was bought here yesterday for shipment to western Illinois for feeding, the price being \$1.14. They claim that good corn is relatively cheaper than in the country.

"Cash oats are selling about 25c less on track than they are in the country," said a Toledo, O., message to St. Paul, Minn., and Chicago. "Not a bid on cash oats yesterday. This is the first time we have been unable to get a bid of some kind on oats."

The only dry spots in the grain belt of the country, as shown by government reports, are in southwestern Iowa, eastern Nebraska, and south and western Oklahoma. Some wheat is being plowed up in the dry parts of Iowa.

"Market for substitute flours is anything but satisfactory," said the Northwestern Miller's report to Ware & Lehigh. "Advices from practically all the important buying centers indicate a surplus on hand."

"Sixty per cent of the corn is planted in this section," said a Des Moines, Ia., message to Lamson Bros. & Co. "No security of good seed corn. Very little corn is planted in this section last year before June 1st."

Burton Millard applied for membership and the estate of Nathan Merriam for transfer of his Board of Trade membership for transfer.

Chicago, May 15. (Close.) High. 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MAN-YOUNG, 17 TO 18 YEARS OLD, ONE

with a high school education, one

with a high school education, one

with a high school education, one

with a high school education, one

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with a high school education, one

with a high school education, one

with a high school education, one

with a high school education, one

WANTED-MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

MEN.

WE HAVE WORK

FOR YOU.

ORDER FILLING,

STOCK,

WAREHOUSE,

TRUCKING,

LABORING,

HANDY MEN,

in

MERCHANDISE,

FACTORY,

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and

MAINTENANCE

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No experience necessary.

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BUTLER BROTHERS,

Randolph-st. Bridge.

PACKERS.

Men to learn merchandise

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essary. Hours 8 to 5:30. Half

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private porches; 50
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EXTRAORDINARY
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a; large living room
steam heat; only \$14,
to \$7,500.
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rooms; steam; have
10, with private alley
permanent light to

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Six flats and five
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WERNER, LIBRAIRIE
Story Island, av.
BURN PARK
sacrifice: 7-5 rms.
age for one car; ren
als. \$8,600. AHERN
Stewart 367.
Clear on Yo
E. 50th, near park
\$1,480 year; always
G. G. GIBSON, 14
7032.
HYDE PA
CORNER
NEARLY NEW
\$25,000. Will trade

and Carpenter-ets.,
d: rental \$1.053; m

KELLY BROS.
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SALE - BIG BANGAL
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sum porch, 1 1/2 bks
\$4,700.
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Terms arranged.
Incumb. large am
tubns.
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Large light room
\$3,600; price \$31.00
tubns.
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2 yrs. old; was n
and well worth to
buyers. For info
\$79. or Stewart 288
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ALE-MODERN 6

apt. nr. 1-C; 6 rms
 \$180; equity only
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 Take 2 flat or home
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 apartment bldg
 side. Address C 366
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 nington Park 51st
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 ALS-THE MOST

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Home \$92 a
 12,500. Terms. A
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 on, nearly new 8 flat
 lot, 51x12 ft. W
 and Wisconsin Park
 only \$16,500. Mc
 R KRUGGER & CO.
 SALE—ROGERS PA
 new 2 flat brick;
 abee; excellent loca
 s; bargain. Call O
 LK — BARGAIN
 seated 3 apt. bldg.
 park. Owner move
 510 N. Wells. Lin
 l Built 3 Apt.
 apt.; front rear
 ad price \$21,500
 nd Wisconsin P
 J. C.

Wilton, ex. near 2

92 W. Wash. st.
 SALE - 1281 NORW
 8 and 5 rms. mo
 est. F. J. KOHLER
 SALE - \$20,000.
 ., rented for \$3,400
 ester. Address: E 2
 SALE - 3 FLAT BLDG
 location, everything
 eat; lge. lot. Tel. ow
 SALE - APARTMENT
 man-rd. and lake; w
 T. O'CONNELL. 82
 SALE - 3 APT. B
 station. 5 rooms
 \$14,000. Address
 SALE - HANDSOME
 overlooking lake
 \$90,000. Address 5
 SALE - 3-B ROOM
 and electric; Orch

at, elec.; garage. Ov

APARTMENTS—N.
SALE—GREAT SACRIFICE
 2 story brick & b
 hardwood finish
 stove heat; incu
 125 feet. Rents or
 at 1215 to 1225 E
 write me
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SALE—BIG SNAP—
 3235 BERTHA
 stms, high concrete
 electric lights and g
 \$100 CAS
 \$25 per month, inc
 SEE THIS T
SALE—AT SACRIFICE
 each, furnace b
 cash, balance time.

8. Tribune.

SALE - NEW C. L.
\$1,500 Tr. 559

SALE - 3 APT. - 810
N. Sawyer-av.
one; all mod. improve

APARTMENTS - V

DAILY - \$500 CASH
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steam heat; do
e tanks; paved
4315 Van Buren
Medico 8517.

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SALE - OWNER OF
bet. 22d and 24d
long lease; locati
vice station or a

BUSINESS PROPE
SALE-3 STX BH

SALE—800 FT. N
 COR. 3RD ST.
 OWNER PHONE
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 and 2nd bldg.
 ment. MARTINE

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SALE FINES

Side: will sell
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State Bank, 600
SALE - IN SOUTH
new bungalow, 5
Garage, 4, \$7,300
7599, J. J. HE
SALE - SACRIFICE
attractive Kenwo
front; perfect con
\$ 375. Trib
SALE - GOOD 8 R
garage; near o
JAMES
59
SALE - 7117 W
res.; atm. mod. b
garage; 00x175
N. C. BENNETT
SALE - DREXEL
HOUSE, barga

ODLAWN-

built house in C
state; easy terms.
SALE-SACRIFIC
now; choice lot
\$1,000. Balance \$
SALE-DEAN, 59
lot at 7000. C
throughout: with a
SALE-3 RM. HO
front: an eleg
MAN, 475 S

* 23

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